



KC-6181

**B. E. - II (Sem. III) (Common with EC & C) Examination**  
**November / December – 2012**  
**Electrical Network - I**

Time : 3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 100

**Instructions :**

(1)

नीचे दृष्टावित निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवही पर अवश्य लभवी.  
Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.

Name of the Examination :  
B. E. - 2 (SEM. 3) (COMMON WITH EC & C)

Name of the Subject :  
ELECTRICAL NETWORK - 1

Subject Code No. : 6 1 8 1 Section No. (1, 2,.....): NIL

Seat No. :  
[ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]

Student's Signature

- (2) Attempt all questions.  
(3) Figures to right indicate full marks.  
(4) Scientific calculator upto casio-super fx 100D, 100W, 100 MS series and equivalent are permitted.  
(5) Assume suitable data wherever necessary.

1 (a) Fill in the following blanks :

- (1) The maximum value of coefficient of coupling as \_\_\_\_\_ 1
- (2) A source has an emf of 100 V and an impedance of  $(500 + j100)\Omega$ . The amount of the maximum power transferred to the load will be \_\_\_\_\_ W. 1
- (3) The time constant of series RC circuit is \_\_\_\_\_ 1
- (4) The current in the neutral wire of a balanced three phase, four wire star connected load is \_\_\_\_\_ 1
- (5) The nodal analysis is primarily based on the application of \_\_\_\_\_ 1

- (b) State and explain superposition theorem. 5
- (c) Explain different controlled sources. 5
- (d) Equivalent inductance between A-B is \_\_\_\_\_. 5

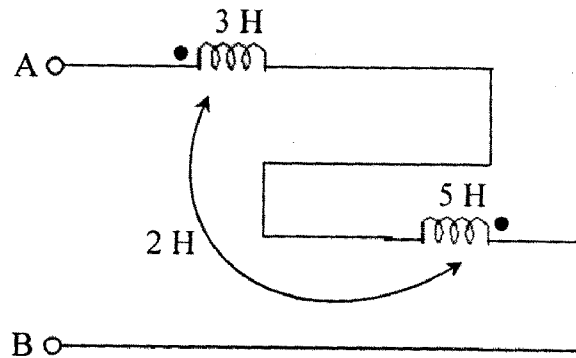


Fig.

2 Attempt any **three** : 15

- (1) Obtain  $V_{TH}$  across terminals A and B.

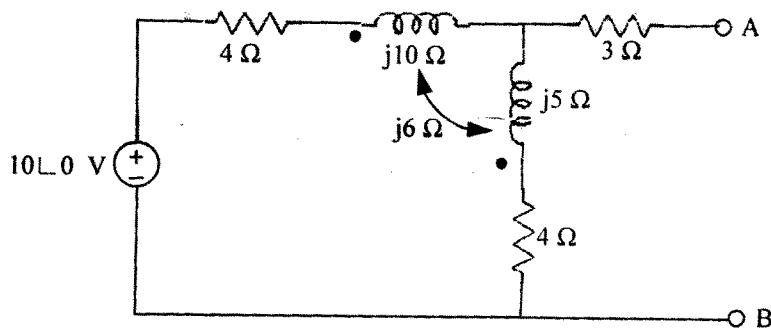


Fig.

- (2) Find the current through  $100 \Omega$  resistor using Norton's theorem.

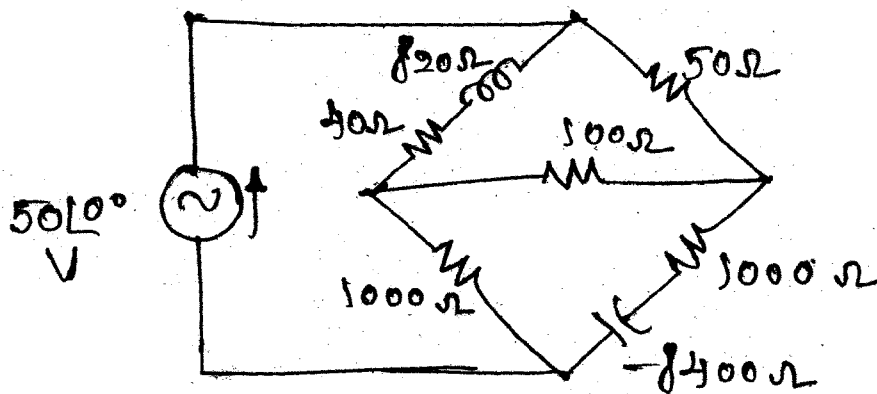


Fig.

- (3) Calculate current through  $24\ \Omega$  resistor.

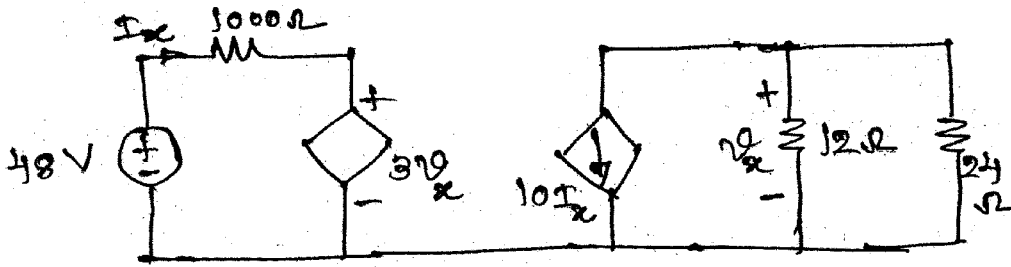


Fig.

- (4) Obtain equivalent impedance at terminals at A-B.

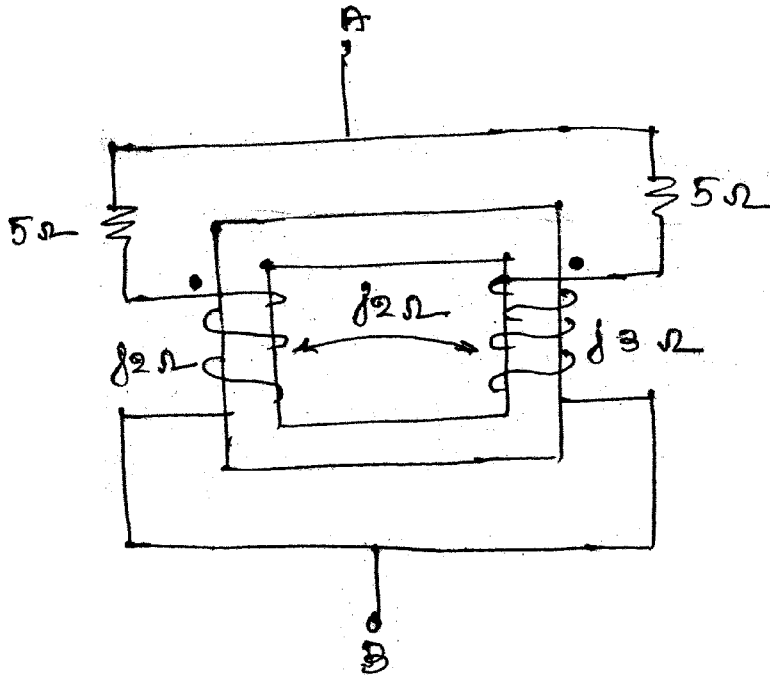


Fig.

- (5) Find mesh current  $I_3$  for given choice of mesh currents.

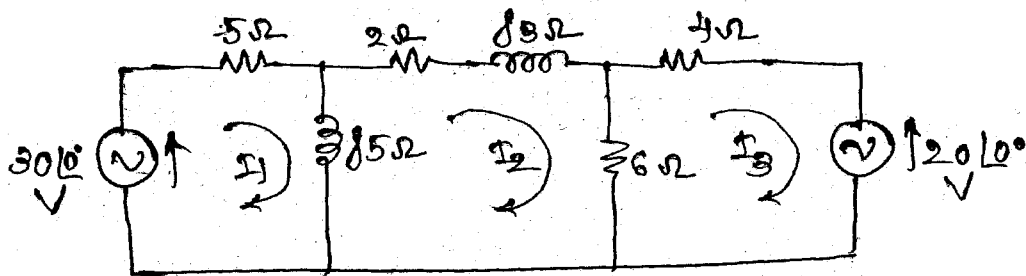


Fig.

3 Attempt any two :

15

(1) Draw the dual of following networks.

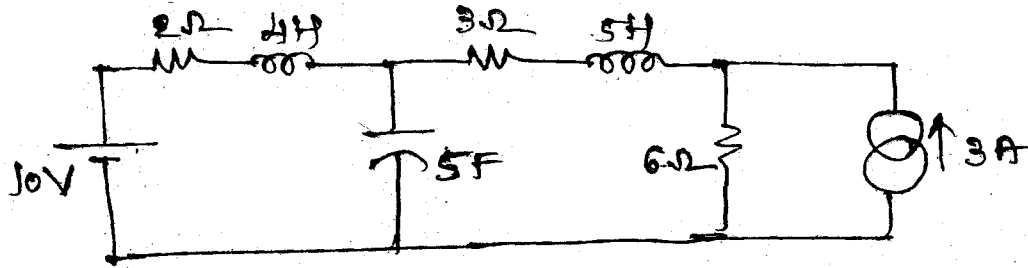


Fig.

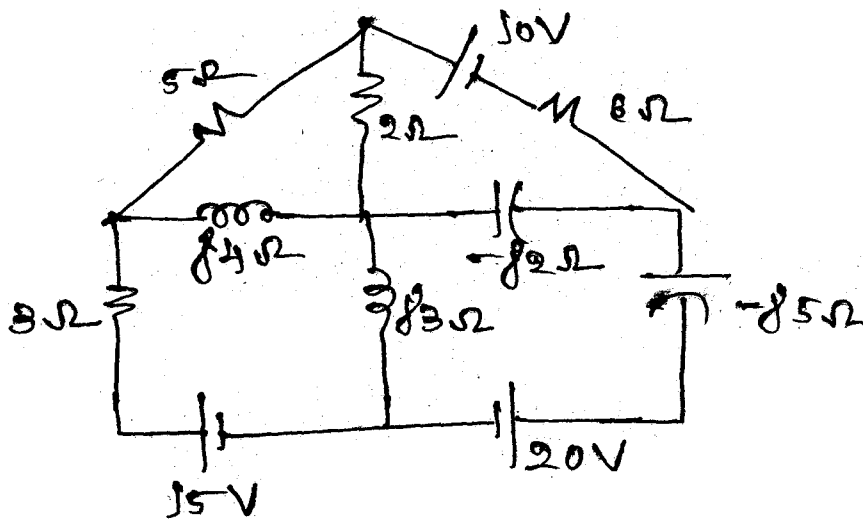


Fig.

- (2) A three-phase 3wire, 240 V, ABC system delta connected load with supplies  $z_{AB} = 10 \angle 0^\circ \Omega$ ,  $z_{BC} = 10 \angle 30^\circ \Omega$ ,  $z_{CA} = 15 \angle -30^\circ \Omega$ . Calculate line currents. Also draw the phasor diagram.
- (3) Derive the expression of displacement neutral voltage for unbalanced, three-wire, star-connected load.

- 4 (a) Do as directed :
- (1) Define Laplace transform. 1
  - (2) Write basic equations for z-parameters and its values. 3
  - (3) Time constant for a series RL circuit is \_\_\_\_\_. 2
  - (4) Find Laplace transformation for the following function. 2  

$$F(t) = \sin \omega t$$
  - (5)  $F(s) = S + 2/S(S+1)$ , the initial value of the function is \_\_\_\_\_. 2
- (b) Prove the convolution theorem to determine inverse Laplace for the function. 5
- (c) Obtain interrelationship between unit-step, unit ramp and unit impulse function. 5
- 5 Attempt any **three** : 15
- (1) Find Laplace transform :
    - (a)  $f(t) = t$
    - (b)  $f(t) = \cos \omega t$
  - (2) Define Y-parameters and derive their in terms on z-parameters.

(3) Obtain Laplace transform of the following wave forms :

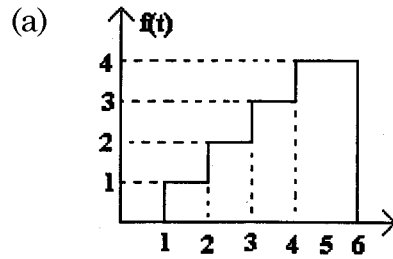


Fig.

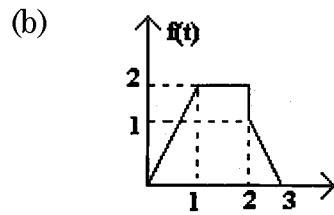


Fig.

(4) In fig. shown below the battery voltage is applied for a steady state period. Obtain the complete expression for the current after closing the switch K. Assume  $R_1 = 2\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 1\Omega$ ,  $L = 1H$ ,  $V = 20V$ .

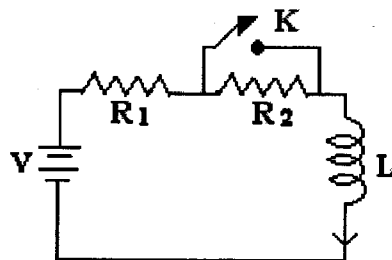


Fig.

- 6 (a) State and prove the final value theorem. 5
- (b) Find exponential of Fourier series for the periodic wave shown in fig. below. 10

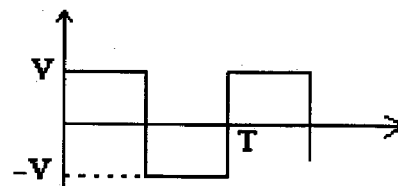


Fig.

OR  
6

- 6 (a) Evaluate the Fourier coefficient for the Fourier series. 5
- (b) Find trigonometric Fourier series for the periodic wave shown in fig. below. 10

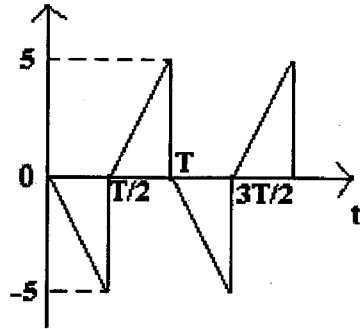


Fig.

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